

Caledonian Mercury

No. 9163.

EDINBURGH.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 31, 1780.

HABERDASHERY GOODS.

MRS A. MILLER, Printer's Street, New Edinburgh, having added to her present Stock of Goods, a great assortment of the most elegant and fashionable articles in the HABERDASHERY TRADE, takes this opportunity of expressing her grateful acknowledgements for the many favours already received, and hopes, in the present business taking, to merit from her friends a further continuance of their kind notice.

N. B. The best JAMAICA COTTON, spun of our own.

A NEW BATHING MACHINE, for Ladies

and Gentlemen, is now completely fitted up in the Town of PRESTONPANS. A good horse, and a careful driver to take proper care of bathers in the water.

As the Prestonpans New Fly sets out from Prestonpans every lawful day at nine in the morning, and from Peterborough's, Edinburgh, at four o'clock afternoon, from days, the conveyance to and from Edinburgh, to the above machine, is certain and at small expence.

TO be SUNK for an ANNUITY during Life,

ONE THOUSAND POUNDS Sterling. Apply to James Thomson writer to the signet, Carrubber's close.

From the London Gazette, May 26.

L O N D O N.

This day the mail bill, the recruiting bill, Plymouth dock bill, and thirteen other public and private bills, received the royal assent, by virtue of a commission under the Great Seal for that purpose. The Lords Commissioners who sat in their robes were, Lord Mansfield as Speaker, the Archbishop of Canterbury, and the Lord President.

Admiral Rodney has by his last and former dispatches given the most convincing proofs of his activity and spirit, and if properly supported, there is no doubt the great campaign in the West-Indies this summer, will redound to the honour and glory of Old England.

It is strongly reported, that had all the Captains in Sir George Rodney's fleet supported him with a British spirit, near half of the French fleet would have been taken. It is worthy of remark, that in the Admiral's letter he particularizes the time his own division was in action, but of the others he only mentions the headmost ship beginning to engage, and some of the others fighting at a distance, and his ordering them by signal to engage closer. He also mentions, in a very handsome manner, the behaviour of the French officers, but says not one word of his own. His silence on this head seems to strengthen these reports; for had the British Captains acquitted themselves properly, there is no doubt the Admiral would have paid them every compliment a gallant conduct would have merited.

Letters which came by the Pegasi frigate, say, that the French fleet is so much damaged in the engagement with Admiral Rodney, that, had the docks at Guadaloupe and Martinico to repair them, they could not be got ready to put to sea again in less time than two months; and that if some of our Captains had done their duty, most of the French fleet must have been taken or destroyed.

It is currently reported, that Sir George Rodney, in his original letter to Mr. Stephens, declares, he could, with all imaginable ease, have cut off fifteen ships of the enemy, had all the Captains in the fleet done their duty. Sir George then states his complaints against particular officers for disobedience of signals, and mentions his intention of bringing them before Courts Martial in the West-Indies.

All who are witnesses to the facility, spirit, and dispatch with which Lord Mansfield conducts the business of the House of Lords, during the indisposition of the Lord Chancellor, are struck with admiration at his Lordship's powers, who at the very advanced age of seventy six, can preserve the full force of his abilities.

The Lord Chancellor's constitution is so impaired, that it is greatly doubted whether he will be able to attend to the duties of that laborious office, though he should recover from his present indisposition.

The appointments in the law department will not take place till the latter end of next week, an account of the Chancellor's illness.

A General Court of proprietors of East India Stock was held yesterday at their house in Leadenhall Street, to consider if any steps were necessary to be taken in consequence of a bill now depending in Parliament respecting the said Company. After Mr. Devaynes, the Chairman, had opened the business, Mr. Fitzgerald expatiated greatly on the necessity that an agreement between the Company and Government should take place as soon as possible, and insisted that the present period was the most proper for bringing forward the grand business as to the territorial revenues in India. "Whether they were bona fide, their exclusive right or not?" He moved, that it be resolved to petition the House of Commons that the East India Company may be heard by their Council at the Bar of that Hon. House, previous to the passing of the bill.—Mr. J. Jones, a young Council, contended, that it was better, considering the very near close of the session, that no application should take place. Mr. Dempster, General Smith, and Mr. Creighton, argued the same principle. Several other proprietors spoke on each side; the previous question was moved by Mr. Creighton, and carried, which negatived Mr. Fitzgerald's motion. Sir Edward Williams then moved a resolution to be entered on the Journals of the Company's proceedings, which after a prodigious number of amendments, at last stood thus:—

Resolved, That the bill now agitating in Parliament is highly detrimental to the rights and privileges of the East India Company; but that it does not appear to be the sense of the Proprietors to petition Parliament to be heard at their bar by Council, the further consideration of this business is postponed.

It was also resolved, that such members of the Company, who are in Parliament, be instructed to move for an act to

indemnify the Company for advancing money to defray the expences of building the three men of war, voted at a late Court for the public service.

And also resolved, That it be recommended to the gentlemen in the direction not to enter into any negotiation for an agreement with Government, without first summoning a General Court to approve of some certain proposition necessary to accomplish that business.

A motion was then made to adjourn *hunc die*.

INTELLIGENCE FROM LLOYD'S.

The *Paquete*, from Martinico to France, was taken in September last, and carried into Florida.

The General Conway privateer of Jersey, has taken and sent into that port the *Wynanda Cornelia*, Capt. Hommes, with 300 pipes of brandy, from Rochelle to Havre de Grace and Rouen.

The *Spider* privateer, Captain Teller, of Dartmouth, has taken, and carried into that port, the *Endracht*, from Flamborough to Bilbao and St. Sebastian, laden with linens and bale goods.

The *Maria Elisabeth*, Parrot, from Liverpool to London, is put into Copenhagen leaky.

The *Worcester*, Cook; the *Alfred*, Brown; the *Frederick*, Hanft, (a Dane); and the *Kapitz*, (an Imperial ship), passed the Straights of Spand the 3d of September, for China.

Pool, 24. A small French privateer has been cruising on our coast several days. Friday last she was so near the land, that several that were fired at her from Swanage, some of which took place, and the boat to sea.

Portsmouth, 25. Yesterday Admiral Geary hoisted his flag on board the *Victory* man of war. The *Luloden* M. W. is gone out of harbour to Spithead. The *Barfleur* M. W. was to have gone out of harbour today, but the wind would not permit.

Extract of a letter from Yarmouth, May 24. Last night a lugger privateer, of 8 three-pounders, and 16 twelve, took a Yarmouth vessel with wheat, riding under the Gills; and this day he came to the Cockle, and took a brig that lay in sight, and carried her off.

Plymouth, 26. The *Amey* tender; Lieut. Rooke commander, failed from Milford, with a convoy of 40 sail, the 15th instant, and brought them all safe as far as this port the 20th.

A Dutch ship arrived at Amsterdam, spoke the *Nancy*, Hattie, from Glasgow for Georgia, in lat. 39, 33. N. lon. 40, 9. W. from London, all well.

The *Friends*, Stewart, from Dublin and Cork, with convoy, to the West Indies, is retaken and carried into Guernsey.

The *Cromarty* Cuttle, Mackintosh, from Cromarty to London, was taken off the Red-Head the 8th inst. by the *Dug*, de Suck, of 20 guns, who had taken twelve sail: Had been out sixteen days.

HOUSE OF COMMONS, THURSDAY, MAY 25.

The House in a committee, Mr. Stanhope in the chair, on the bill for permitting the Kings troops to remain at Winchester during the ensuing election for members to serve in Parliament.

Mr. Peyton rose in support of the bill, which he defended on the same ground he did when he moved for its second reading.

Sir George Savile pronounced the bill a very alarming innovation on the constitution, besides that it was, in his opinion, altogether unnecessary, there being no more than thirty voters in Winchester, so that the place of election might be changed without any great inconvenience.

Mr. Bury followed the honourable Baronet, and reprobated the bill in terms equally proper and spirited.

Mr. Whitbread was for the motion, and asserted it to be a measure as agreeable to the principles of the constitution, as it was necessary in itself.

Mr. Dempster spoke very warmly against the bill, and in the course of his speech, adverted with great characteristic feeling to the present distressed situation of Winchester jail, the prisoners confined in which being, he said, so bad with a contagious distemper, through a distaste brought there by the Spanish prisoners sent home by Admiral Rodney, as to be carried off in great numbers. The honourable gentleman stated this circumstance as an additional reason why the prisoners should be removed, as in case of their being continued there, it was very doubtful, whether any gentleman would be found to go down to Winchester at the ensuing general election or not, as a candidate to represent that place in Parliament.

Mr. Pulteney spoke in favour of the bill.

Mr. Turner opposed it with great violence, and entered into a general animadversion on the conduct of the Minister, whose design, he said, was to render this country despotic.

The Committee then divided, when there appeared for it 38, and against it 22.

The Committee then went on the clause moved by Mr. Pulteney, for dispensing with the act of Parliament, so far as it operated against suffering the King's troops to remain in Shrewsbury during the time of the election.

The honourable gentleman stated, that this clause was particularly expedient, on account of the situation of the goal prepared for the prisoners in Shrewsbury; which was heretofore used as a county hospital, and was but one mile from the place of election, whereas the act of Parliament provided that it should be at least double that distance.

Mr. Baldwin seconded the motion.

Mr. Gilbert followed in support of it.

The clause, after some further debate, was put, and agreed to, without a division.

Mr. Jervise moved a clause for beginning the ensuing election for Hants at the town of Aylesford, and afterwards adjourning it to the Isle of Wight, as at the late election, and the same was unanimously accepted of.

The committee then agreed that the bill should be reported on Friday.

Lord North acquainted the House, that he should postpone moving the second reading of the bill for extending the East India Company's charter, until Friday, the Directors thereof having made a request to him for that purpose.

Mr. Hanley also deferred his motion on the state of the war, on account of the thinness of the House.

The House agreed to the report of their resolutions of Wednesday on Ways and Means, viz. That an additional duty of 6s. per barrel be laid upon all sweets made for sale, to be paid by the maker. That an additional duty of 2d. per lb. be laid on starch, and all hair powder made of starch, imported into Great Britain. That an additional duty of 1d. per lb. be laid upon all starch made in Great Britain.

The said duties to be subject to the duty of five per cent. under the management of the Commissioners of Excise or Customs.

Ordered in a bill to prevent carrying railways all copper in sheets, &c.

In a Committee went through the indemnity bill.

Ordered the tobacco import and the Somerset House bills to be engrossed.

The House then went into a committee on the Levant bill, and afterwards adjourned to Friday.

HOUSE OF LORDS, Friday, May 26.

This day there was remarkable full attendance of Peers, in consequence of the Earl of Shelburne's having given notice of his intention to move the House upon an important subject, and desired that the Lords might be summoned.

As soon as the bills were passed by commission, and the other business of court was over, the Earl of Shelburne rose in his place, and informed their Lordships that he was ready to open his motion to the House, and prepared by argument to convince them that it was

well-worthy their most serious consideration; but that he had that morning received information, that a person of considerable rank, a person who, from having been in the first offices in the kingdom, from the great ability and high honour with which he discharged the duties of those offices, as well as from his known virtues, took in public and private life, was well entitled to the respect of their Lordships, had been taken suddenly ill, and being obliged to take medicines, which would not admit of his leaving his own house, could not attend. This Lordship said, it was the desire of the noble Duke (Grafton) to be present when the motion was made, and as the noble Duke was to make a better able than he was to inform and instruct their Lordships on the subject, he submitted it to their Lordships' consideration, whether it was due to the noble Duke to suffer him to postpone coming upon the business for a few days; with the leave of the House, therefore, he would move that the motion stand adjourned till Thursday next.

An universal exclamation of "Agreed," agreed, took place immediately.

Lord Shelburne then moved that the House be summoned for Thursday next.

The Duke of Richmond likewise put off his motion for immovability the House next Monday till Friday.

A bill to continue, until the year 1782, an act of the 13th of the present Majesty, relative to the Scots bankrupt laws—a bill relative to the raising money for the new buildings carrying on at Somerset House—the Exchequer loan bill, the tobacco bill, and the life of Man bill, were presented and read a first time.

The House then adjourned till Tuesday next.

HOUSE OF COMMONS, Friday May 26.

This day, in the House of Commons, Admiral Pigot gave notice, that on Friday next he would make a motion against Sir Hugh Palliser, the object of which would be, to prevent that Gentleman from having any future command in the navy.

The House, in a Committee to consider of a drawback on coffee, came to one resolution, which was immediately reported, and a bill ordered to be brought in agreeable thereto.

The House, in a Committee of Supply, came to one resolution, which was ordered to be reported on Tuesday; the Committee of Supply, and Committee of Ways and Means, to sit again on Wednesday.

The East India bill was read a second time, and committed for Tuesday next.

The House having resolved itself into a Committee on the Levant trade bill, a clause was moved for, and received, for imposing a duty of One Penny Halfpenny on every pound of cotton to be hereafter imported.

Sir Herbert Mackworth, as soon as the House was resumed, moved for a Committee of the whole House to consider of some means to man the navy without pressing.

Mr. Pulteney opposed the motion on this ground, that as the Honourable Baronet in all probability intended to recommend to the Committee the plan drawn up by Mr. Green, who had already petitioned the House on that subject, no service could arise from it, if it were to come.

Sir Geo. Savile ridiculed the ground of the Honourable Member's opposition. It appeared to him rather singular, that a gentleman should oppose a very good plan merely because some time must elapse before it could be brought to such maturity as to render it of service to the public. "The motion might be productive of much good; the abuses attending the impress service called loudly for some redress; and any plan that could abolish so odious and oppressive a measure, without scrapping the navy, should meet with his support."

Mr. Martin and Mr. Turner spoke in favour of the motion, and warmly against the practice of pressing.

Mr. Hussey likewise supported the motion. He said, that the practice of pressing had driven our seamen out of the kingdom; and, while it deprived us of their services, it made them our enemies, by compelling them to serve on board the ships of France, Spain, and America. "That they were driven from the service, he said, appeared clearly from a return made some time since to a motion which he had the honour to make for a list of the men born and nurtured in his Majesty's ships of war, in which he was sorry to see a great number of foreign names." The motion was carried without a division.

Lord George Gordon read the Extraordinary Gazette of last night, made many exceeding good remarks on it; and maintained, that it contained a variety of contradictions, which he attributed to the multitudes that he had no doubt the Ministry had made in Sir George B. Rodney's letter; but, to be satisfied of the fact, he moved "That there be laid before this House a copy of the public letter from Sir George Brydges Rodney to the Admiralty, dated off Port Royal Martinique, April 26, 1780, relative to the engagement with the French fleet."

Mr. Fox seconded the motion; said, that to withhold part of the Admiral's letter was an insult to the navy; and he feared, from their general conduct, that they were endeavouring to pave the way for insinuating Sir Hugh Palliser once more, though he had been convicted of malice by the judgment of the navy.

Admiral Keppel said, he would move also for General Vaughan's letter; for it seemed as if, since an officer in the fleet had done his duty, he paid many very high compliments to Sir George Rodney; but complained that he himself was daily insulted; and the service injured by the Admiralty, who refused to employ some very able officers, merely because they had been connected with him. One instance, in particular, he could not omit. A very deserving officer, whom he had made Captain of a fire-ship, when he commanded the fleet, had applied to him for his intercession to obtain some employ, he being no longer commander of the fire-ship: He had recommended him to Lord Sandwich, and the answer he received was,—that he could not employ a party-man.

Lord North opposed the motion; and said, that he thought it would be improper to publish the whole of the letter; and he was confident, if the House were acquainted with the contents, they would agree with him in that opinion. What was published certainly did not convey any reflection on the character of any officer. As to the accusation of Sir Hugh Palliser of malice, it certainly was extraordinary; that gentleman not having been arraigned for malice, nor had he been heard in his defence when that censure was passed upon him.

Mr. Dunning said, that if speaking for himself, and examining witnesses, could be called a defence, Sir Hugh Palliser had not been convicted unheard: If that was not a way of defending, he was as yet at a loss to know in what it consisted.

The Lord Advocate and Mr. Eden, opposed the motion, as did Sir Richard Sutton, who answered Mr. Dunning, and defended Sir Hugh Palliser.

Col. Barré admitted that Ministers were not bound to publish the whole of every dispatch; but he insisted, that the manner in which the last had been published had injured the characters of many officers.

Some reflections were thrown upon General Vaughan, for having so far interfered as to write a letter, relative to the naval engagement; he had no command in, or connection with the fleet at that time, and was in the Sandwich only in a private character.

Lord Ashburne defended his anchor; as did also Lord George Germaine, who thought it was very right to publish the General's letter. As to that of Sir George Rodney, he had not seen it before it was published in the Gazette.

The House, at last, divided on the motion, and there were

Ayes, 100.

Noes, 100.

Majority, against producing the letters, 100.

Another motion was then made by Lord George Gordon, that the letters should be brought down to the House sealed, for the info-



of the Members, in their individual, but not in their collective capacity. This was also opposed as useless, as the House, in that case, not being in possession of the letters, could not debate upon the subject. The motion produced another division.

Ayes, 78
Noes, 159

Majority, 81
The House was afterwards put into a Committee on the further consideration of the public petitions. The Speaker left the Chair, and Mr. Hogg having taken his seat at the table.
Mr. Dunning rose, and desired that the resolutions come to by the Committee of the whole House on the petitions, on Monday the 10th of April be read.

They were read accordingly, and were as follows:
"That it is the opinion of this Committee, that, for the better preserving the independence of Parliament, and obviating any suspicion of its purity, exact accounts be laid before this House, on the first day of every session, of such sum or sums of money as have been paid in the course of the preceding year, to Members of Parliament, out of the produce of the Civil List, or any other part of the public revenue to them, to their use, or in trust for them, or on any other account, specifying when, or on what account, such money was paid."

"That it is the opinion of this Committee, that, for the better preserving the independence of Parliament, that persons holding the offices of Treasurer of the Chamber, Treasurer of the Household, Cofferer of the Household and his Clerk, Comptroller of the Household and his Clerk, Master of the Household, and the Clerk of the Green Cloth, be entitled to hold seats in this House."

Mr. Dunning then enforced the necessity of reporting these resolutions, and concluded with a motion to that purpose, at the same time reminding such members as had originally voted for those resolutions, that they stood pledged to vote for his present motion. This gave rise to a warm debate, in which Mr. Turner, Mr. Fox, Mr. Rigby, Mr. Byng, Lord North, and others, spoke. At length, the House divided on the question for the Chairman's leaving the Chair,

Ayes, 177
Noes, 134

Majority, 43

Mr. Dunning rose to explain his motives for declining to give himself or the House any further trouble on the subject of the petitions.

Mr. Fox was extremely loud and hot, treating those county members with great severity who had made a part of the 233 on the 6th of April, and voted with Ministry since.

Mr. Rigby again called Opposition a rope of sand.

Mr. Turner said, he did not at all wonder at the Right Honourable Gentleman's approving placement; that fellow-feeling made a man wondrous kind. Mr. Turner ascribed the American war entirely to placement.

After a great deal of conversation between Mr. Powis, Sir George Saville, the Lord Advocate, and others, the Lord Advocate moved to adjourn, which the House did at a few minutes before twelve o'clock.

From the London Gazette, May 27.

War-Office, May 27, 1780.

1st Troop of Horse-Guards, Brigadier and Lieutenant Thomas Roberts is appointed to be Exempt and Captain, vice Richard William Wilton Briffow. Sub-Brigadier and Cornet Thomas Lloyd to be Brigadier and Lieutenant, vice Thomas Roberts. Cornet and Major Thomas Dufour Eaton to be Second-Lieutenant and Lieutenant-Colonel, vice Peter Ryves Hawker. Guidon and Major William Calderwood to be Cornet and Major, vice Thomas Dufour Eaton. Exempt and Captain Francis Minihall to be Guidon and Major, vice William Calderwood. Brigadier and Lieutenant John Morie to be Exempt and Captain, vice Francis Minihall. Sub-Brigadier and Cornet George Mercer to be Brigadier and Lieutenant, vice John Morie. Sherborne Stewart, Gent. to be Sub-Brigadier and Cornet, vice George Mercer. George Potter, Gent. to be Sub-Brigadier and Cornet, vice Thomas Mellish.

1st Regiment of Dragoons, Ensign George Gordon, from the North Fencible regiment, to be Cornet, vice George Walmesley.

10th Regiment of Dragoons, John Slade, Gent. to be Cornet, vice Richard O'Brien Boyle.

1st Regiment of Foot-Guards, Captain Robert Folke Greville to be Captain of a Company, vice Hon. John Byng. Ensign William Courtney Crutenden to be Lieutenant, vice Robert Folke Greville.

1st Regiment of foot, 1st battalion, Christopher Morhead, Gent. to be Ensign, vice ———. Helyar. Captain Joseph Beckeridge, from 97th foot, to be Captain, vice Frederick Falkner. Ensign Joseph Mackay to be Lieutenant, vice James Corbett.

From the London Papers, May 27.

Madrid, April 25. They write from Ferrol, that there are in that port 14 ships and six frigates, in readiness to put to sea. Among these ships are several of a new construction, one of which (the Conception) carries 118 guns.

Paris, May 18. M. de la Touche Treville has informed the Court, that the master of a vessel arrived at Rochefort, from Carolina, gives an account that General Clinton had been surprised and defeated by General Lincoln: but most reports of this sort require confirmation.

They write from Brest, that they expected there a fleet from Bourdeaux, laden with ammunition, provisions, wine, &c. whose arrival was necessary to finish the equipment of the squadron destined to transport a second division of troops, consisting of four or five thousand men.

The convoy which sailed from St. Malo is still detained by the winds at Cherbourg: it is the more valuable, as it chiefly consisted of brass cannon and other pieces of artillery, and arsenal carriages for the descent which was to have been made last year. The English are sensible of the importance of this convoy, and seem unwilling to lose sight of it. 'Tis even said that they have an inclination to attempt the bombardment of Cherbourg, or at least to burn the ships which are in the port.

The master of a Dutch ship arrived at Nantz has deposed, that sailing from Brest with M. de Terney, he had seen him direct his course the South-West; which makes it believed that he is gone to Cadiz, to join the squadron of Don Solano, whose departure had been safely announced.

Cologne, May 19. Letters from Strasbourg advise, that several regiments are on their march for Flanders, to which place a great number of pieces of artillery, and a large quantity of ammunition, are also transported.

Amsterdam, May 22. We were last night thrown into the greatest consternation from two violent shocks that were heard below the Town-crane, on the Dam. We soon learnt that some soldiers of the main guard were making cartouches, when they took fire, together with the unfilled powder. The confusion it caused among the soldiers was so great, that some fled by the door, and others got out of the windows; five of the latter were so much hurt, that two of them are since dead. Speedy assistance being brought to stop the progress of the fire, the building was very little damaged.

We have received a letter from Captain W. Vander Wind, commander of the Gouden Rooz, dated New York, which says, that in his voyage to the Canaries he met several English privateers, who plundered him of sundry effects, and used his crew very ill. That himself and five of his men were brought on board the Diana privateer, Capt. Paul Supple, who seized his ship, and put eight men on board to carry her into New York, but an American privateer retook the ship and carried her to Philadelphia. The Captain adds,

that he was detained three months at New York, and it was with much difficulty that he obtained the liberty of going with his people to Philadelphia, uncertain whether he could have his ship restored.

L O N D O N.

An account of another action between the English and French fleets, off Martinico, is daily expected, as the French cannot possibly be re-embarked without recovering that island.

By an officer who came home in the Pegafus, Sir Geo. Rodney decried his friends in England might be acquainted, that he had opened the maritime campaign, and he would be disappointed if it should be an idle one.

It is said fifteen sail of the line are ordered immediately for the West Indies, to support the gallant Rodney.

It is certain that the present General Mordaunt on board the Sandwich added greatly to the spirit and activity of the seamen during the action. In order also to do all the service in his power, he embarked 1500 additional men on board the different ships, to act as marines, which were of the utmost use and advantage to the engagement.

The brave Rodney, whose gallant conduct in the West Indies has completely immortalized his character, had his flag shot away successively, from the top, fore-top, and mizen-top-mast, and his ship the Sandwich on fire twice during the course of the action.

Sir George Rodney in his letter, it is said, complains heavily of several of his Captains, and makes no scruple of declaring, that had his signals been properly obeyed, he had no doubt of taking and destroying many of the French ships.

It is also said, that Admiral Rodney has tried those Captains who are charged with misbehaviour, and is sending them home in a frigate, together with the proceedings of the Courts Martial, that the sentences may be put into execution here. Capt. B. of the Y. is said to be in the number. Capt. Taylor is appointed in his room. The Sterling Castle, which led the line of battle on the starboard tack, mistook the signals, which was attended with the worst consequences. The Admiral complains likewise of a very great want of men. The French have a great many American seamen on board their fleet. The Admiral's ship was twice on fire during the engagement, and was, as he describes it, in a most disabled condition. The action was concluded by the following singular circumstance: The top-gallant-mast, on which the flag and signal for battle were flying, was carried away; the frigate, appointed to repeat the signals, concluding it was hauled down, ceased repeating, which put an end to the affair. The French shortly after formed their line of battle to leeward, but from the situation of our fleet, which was spread very wide, the crippled condition of the Sandwich and several of our ships, and other circumstances, the English fleet could not avail themselves of the offer made by the enemy to renew the engagement that night. Lord Winchelsea and the Hon. George Damer were on board the Intrepid during the engagement, which was severely mauled.

It is said three Commanders in a naval engagement are coming home in civvies. Their excuse for not fighting it seems, is, that the signals and flag on board the Sandwich being shot away, they imagined the Admiral had struck, and they were very prudently taking care of his Majesty's ships.

Notwithstanding the shyness of two or three poltroon Commanders in the English fleet, the day had proved a glorious one, but for the following accident, viz. one of our centre ships mistaking the Admiral's signal, closed with one of the rear-most of the enemy's squadron, instead of going many more ships a-head, by which means ten sail of the British line were prevented from coming to close action. Sir Geo. Rodney, however, is perfectly satisfied that this error did not originate in cowardice, as the Captain acquitted himself during the whole engagement with singular bravery.

Two Captains are particularly pointed out as officers who shamefully disgraced the British flag; one is said to have refused making sail to get up, in compliance with repeated signals thrown out for that purpose, in consequence of which his first Lieutenant confined him to his cabin, and then, with the utmost difficulty, brought the ship into action.

The Captains B. —, of the Y. —, and D. — of the T. —, are particularly pointed out as officers who shamefully disgraced the British flag. The former is said to have refused making sail to get up, in compliance with repeated signals thrown out for that purpose; in consequence of which his first Lieutenant confined him to his cabin, and then, with the utmost difficulty, brought the ship into action. We hope, however, they will be able to acquit themselves of the ignominious charge.

Capt. Bateman, of the Yarmouth, was originally a common sailor; but being taken notice of by the late Sir Charles Saunders, for his ability, &c. he was raised by that gallant officer, from that station, gradually, to the rank of Captain.

The Admiralty, it is hoped, will not delay holding up the names of the cowards on a late occasion to public detestation, if it be only to ease the minds of the friends of many gallant officers, who cannot but feel for their professional honour, for fear it should be wounded under the vague imputations that at present prevail.

The Suffolk, Vigilant, and Boyne, although in the commander in Chief's division, yet had but two men killed. Surely they did not come to close quarters with the enemy? If they did, they have been very fortunate.

Notwithstanding the many disadvantages under which our West India fleet laboured, and the extraordinary courageous behaviour of Guichen's squadron, yet, with a superiority of men, guns, and ships, we beat them, and made them fly before us three successive days. Will the republicans dare now to say that the French are a match for us, ship to ship, and gun to gun? And how will poor K. — get over this second blow that Rodney has thus fatally given his judgment?

If every ship in the fleet had fought with the same intrepidity that has distinguished the Sandwich, not one of the French squadron would, in all probability, have escaped. Something has been wrong, and the public will impatiently expect the clearing up this matter.

The Hon. Captain St. John, of the Intrepid, was killed the first broadside; he was bred up under the brave Boscawen, who always spoke of him as a very gallant and deserving officer—the death of such a man cannot be too much regretted.

The Hon. Capt. St. John, who was killed in the Intrepid, was a very respectable, deserving officer. He was uncle to Lady Coventry, and Lord St. John, of Bletso, and has left a wife and seven children.

A correspondent thinks it a pity, that Cap. Bazely, who it is well known, can and will fight, should have been sent home with dispatches, when he might have been so much better employed in the West-Indies.

Capt. Urdal, of the Ajax, who came home with the dispatches, is said to have lost his hearing, in consequence of the heavy cannonade.

The schemes which the French formed in the West Indies are at an end for this campaign, and this same Jamaica which they were to take, and which the patriot politicians have so often thrown into their hands, yet belongs to Great Britain; and, what is more, it seems likely to remain ours for ever.

Six sail of the line are ordered to take on board nine months provisions, and are to convoy the outward-bound New York fleet, and afterwards to join Admiral Rodney in the West Indies.

Opposition say, that Admiral Rodney's was a drawn battle. They will not allow that we have gained a victory, though Sir George has fought it out handily, and drove the French fleet into a port where they cannot be reinforced, or have any repairs. Very different was the Leeshore Admiral, who suffered the French fleet to go safe into Brest, though he was proclaimed a victor by repeated illuminations, as well as both Houses of Parliament!

When Guichen's dispatches arrive at Paris, we shall have a pompous account of his victory, and *T. D.* will be publicly sung. Conquer or conquered, the French always proclaim a victory.

Martinique is supplied with proper materials for refitting a fleet, but Guadaloupe cannot furnish sufficient to repair a frigate; the French must therefore make an effort to gain Martinique, and that, by Sir George's letter, can only be done by their fighting their way through him. The attempt will probably be made, and if all the fleet be honest, true, and brave as the Commander in Chief, the French will have the same cause as the Spaniards to lament that a Rodney commands against them.

Yesterday, Vice Admiral Sir Hugh Palliser was present at the levee at St. James's, and most graciously received: Sir Hugh accompanied Captain Bazely to the levee, and each had the honour of a conference with his Majesty.

Her Majesty is now said to be five months advanced in her pregnancy.

Yesterday the Russian Princess, who arrived in England about two years since, and who has been resident for some time past in Scotland, was present at the drawing-room at St. James's. The princess was accompanied by her son and daughter, and was introduced to their Majesty's by the Russian minister, and most graciously received.

We are informed, that Sir Joseph Yorke will not return to England this summer, as affairs between our Court and the Dutch are in a fair way of being made up agreeable to both parties.

The Brest fleet were in Brest harbour on Tuesday last, riding at single anchor, and with all their sails bent, ready to put to sea at a few hours notice.

A letter from an officer in Col. St. Leger's regiment of foot, dated St. Lucia, March 26, says, "one hundred and fifty of his regiment arrived here, the rest were dispersed in a storm, the second day after our departure from Plymouth, and of whom we have not since heard. We have had, on the whole, a prosperous voyage, in the course of which we took a French lugger with dispatches on board. Our regiment, we expect, is to form a part of the force destined to attack the different islands in the West Indies."

Letters in town from Holland assert, that the Spanish fleet which sailed from Cadiz the 28th of April, is bound to St. Domingo, in order to be more at hand to second the operations of the French in that quarter.

Yesterday advices were received in town by way of France, that General Sir Henry Clinton, on the 10th of March, attempted to force the lines of General Lincoln's encampment near Charlestown, and was twice repulsed with great slaughter; that on the third attack he carried it, and General Lincoln retreated into the fort with some loss, killed, wounded, and prisoners; that General Clinton, on the 17th made a feint, the same on the 18th, and on the 20th attempted the fort and town by general assault; he is said to be repulsed with the loss of 700 men killed outright. That the General had retired to Princes Plain, waiting a reinforcement, when he intends making a second attempt—since he has been there, he has lost upwards of 2500 men.

There are no advices, or any information, yet from Sir Henry Clinton; the success of whose expedition begins greatly to be doubted, notwithstanding the many favourable hear-say accounts that have been repeatedly published.

The merchants and under-writers in the city find fault with Admiral Arbuthnot for sending a convoy from New York on the 27th of December, to cross the Western Ocean to England: The fleet under its care consisted of upwards of 100 merchantmen and transports. Intelligence of the arrival of only 23 has been received, though the time from their sailing to the present is five months.

Mr. Strutt's bill, respecting the qualification of Members to serve in Parliament, seems to be levelled at the most popular orators of the Minority. It is recommended to the citizens of Westminster, not only to choose Mr. Charles Fox, but to settle an annuity of 300 a-year on him, not subject to any demands, past, present, or to come.

Lord Camden's pension of 1500 l. per annum, on the Irish establishment, now ceases, since his son has succeeded to one of the four teller-ships in the Exchequer, in the room of the Hon. Thomas Townshend, who enjoyed it upwards of sixty years. He was a younger son to the great Lord Townshend, Minister of State during the reign of George the first, and nephew, we believe, to the celebrated Sir Robert Walpole. Lord Townshend was married to Sir Robert's sister, and it was to his Lordship (who was in high confidence with Marlborough and Godolphin) that Sir Robert was obliged for the foundation of his political fortunes.

At the end of the play, last night, at Covent-garden Theatre, Mrs. Green came forward, and addressed the audience in nearly the following words:—"As this is the last time I shall have the honour of appearing before you, to pass it over in silence might be looked upon as disrespectful. I have performed before you from my youth, and have often experienced your favour and indulgence; for which I return you my most sincere acknowledgments."

Extract of a letter from Toulon, May 7.

"His Majesty's ships le Zule and le Marcellais, of 74

guns each, accompanied by two frigates, have this day failed from this port; and it is generally believed that they are going to Cadiz. As soon as the Terrible of 114 guns is ready she will sail with the Sagittaire of 50 guns for the same port. The Experiment also of 50 guns is failed for Marseilles to take 29 merchant ships under convoy, which lie ready at that port, destined for our West-India islands. This and several other reasons give room to suppose, that the Squadron of French ships, now lying at Cadiz, will not fail for Brest, but will meet the second Squadron, now fitting out at Brest, in a certain latitude, and then proceed immediately to the West-Indies."

PRICE OF STOCKS, MAY 27.

Bank Stock, —	3 per cent. Old Ann. —
4 per cent. corp. 1799, 1800, 1801, 1802, 1803, 1804, 1805, 1806, 1807, 1808, 1809, 1810, 1811, 1812, 1813, 1814, 1815, 1816, 1817, 1818, 1819, 1820, 1821, 1822, 1823, 1824, 1825, 1826, 1827, 1828, 1829, 1830, 1831, 1832, 1833, 1834, 1835, 1836, 1837, 1838, 1839, 1840, 1841, 1842, 1843, 1844, 1845, 1846, 1847, 1848, 1849, 1850, 1851, 1852, 1853, 1854, 1855, 1856, 1857, 1858, 1859, 1860, 1861, 1862, 1863, 1864, 1865, 1866, 1867, 1868, 1869, 1870, 1871, 1872, 1873, 1874, 1875, 1876, 1877, 1878, 1879, 1880, 1881, 1882, 1883, 1884, 1885, 1886, 1887, 1888, 1889, 1890, 1891, 1892, 1893, 1894, 1895, 1896, 1897, 1898, 1899, 1900, 1901, 1902, 1903, 1904, 1905, 1906, 1907, 1908, 1909, 1910, 1911, 1912, 1913, 1914, 1915, 1916, 1917, 1918, 1919, 1920, 1921, 1922, 1923, 1924, 1925, 1926, 1927, 1928, 1929, 1930, 1931, 1932, 1933, 1934, 1935, 1936, 1937, 1938, 1939, 1940, 1941, 1942, 1943, 1944, 1945, 1946, 1947, 1948, 1949, 1950, 1951, 1952, 1953, 1954, 1955, 1956, 1957, 1958, 1959, 1960, 1961, 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2792, 2793, 2794, 2795, 2796, 2797, 2798, 2799, 2800, 2801, 2802, 2803, 2804, 2805, 2806, 2807, 2808, 2809, 2810, 2811, 2812, 2813, 2814, 2815, 2816, 2817, 2818, 2819, 2820, 2821, 2822, 2823, 2824, 2825, 2826, 2827, 2828, 2829, 2830, 2831, 2832, 2833, 2834, 2835, 2836, 2837, 2838, 2839, 2840, 2841, 2842, 2843, 2844, 2845, 2846, 2847, 2848, 2849, 2850, 2851, 2852, 2853, 2854, 2855, 2856, 2857, 2858, 2859, 2860, 2861, 2862, 2863, 2864, 2865, 2866, 2867, 2868, 2869, 2870, 2871, 2872, 2873, 2874, 2875, 2876, 2877, 2878, 2879, 2880, 2881, 2882, 2883, 2884, 2885, 2886, 2887, 2888, 2889, 2890, 2891, 2892, 2893, 2894, 2895, 2896, 2897, 2898, 2899, 2900, 2901, 2902, 2903, 2904, 2905, 2906, 2907, 2908, 2909, 2910, 2911, 2912, 2913, 2914, 2915, 2916, 2917, 2918, 2919, 2920, 2921, 2922, 2923, 2924, 2925, 2926, 2927, 2928, 2929, 2930, 2931, 2932, 2933, 2934, 2935, 2936, 2937, 2938, 2939, 2940, 2941, 2942, 2943, 2944, 2945, 2946, 2947, 2948, 2949, 2950, 2951, 2952, 2953, 2954, 2955, 2956, 2957, 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3788, 3789, 3790, 3791, 3792, 3793, 3794, 3795, 3796, 3797, 3798, 3799, 3800, 3801, 3802, 3803, 3804, 3805, 3806, 3807, 3808, 3809, 3810, 3811, 3812,	

SOUND LIST, by Mr WALTER WOOD.

PAID.
May 15. Wemy's Charter of Leith, Kidd, from London for Colberg. Greenhead of Leith, Buchanan, from London for Peterb. London Packet of Montrose, Mills, from ditto for Riga. James and Mary, of Dundee, Patrick, from Dundee for ditto. Industry of and from Inverness, Bain, for ditto.
16. Nelly of Wemy's, Beatt, from Leven, for Memel.
Arrived and Remain,
15. Margaret of and for Inverkeithing, Anderson, from Memel.
16. Jeany and Peggy of and for Montrose, Wilson, from Riga. Jean of and from ditto, Willock, from Riga.
Alto, La Prudente of 42 guns, and the Scourge of 18 guns, with the trade from London.
Leith Shipping, May 29—31.
ARRIVED.
 Young, Malcolm, from Aberdeen, goods; Enighed, Boye Gerritz, from Christianlands, timber; Peggie, Stevenson, from Lynn, grain; Peggie, Robertson, from Eyemouth, in ballast; and some vessels with coals.

SAILED.
 Concord, Hogg, for Archangel, in ballast.
 Wind N.W.
CUSTOM-HOUSE, GREENOCK.
ARRIVED, May 25—28.
 Hopewell, M'Donald, from Sligo, with goods; Jean, Roe, from Drogheda, ditto; Concord, Sym, from Oporto, with wine, &c.
SAILED, May 25—28.
 Lady Margaret, Hewle, for New York, goods; Matty, Cameron, for Sligo, coals; Three Sisters, Brown, for New York, goods; Cherokee, Boyd, for Savannah, goods; Sufie, Angus, for Belfast, goods.

SHERRY WINE.

JUST arrived at Leith, a Parcel of SHERRY WINE. To be sold in Butts.
 Merchants, on applying to JOHN WALKER and CO. Edinburgh, may be supplied with one or more Butts.
 The wine will be shown at their Cellars, near the Church in LEITH.

SUN RAISINS and St KATHRINE PRUNES.

JUST arrived at Leith, a Parcel of SUN RAISINS. To be sold in Casks and Jars. **Alto,** St KATHRINE'S PRUNES, in Boxes. Apply to JOHN WALKER and CO. Edinburgh, or to David Liddell, at their Cellars, near the Church, LEITH.

JOHN STURROCK, Tea and Spirit Dealer,

Head of the Cannongate, Edinburgh.
HEREBY informs his Customers, That he has on hand a large stock of TEAS, COFFEES, FOREIGN and BRITISH SPIRITUOUS LIQUORS, and WINES; all of the best qualities, and SELLING at the lowest prices. As these liquors were imported before the additional duty took place, they will be sold considerably below the present advanced prices.
 The above commodities will be found much finer in quality, and cheaper than those frequently sold by *Hawkers*, who have no other way of being supplied but from the shops in town; and the public will do well not to buy from those impostors, as by doing so they incur the penalty of Ten Pounds sterling for each offence.

THE STIRLING FLY is REMOVED from

Hugh Cameron's, Stabler, at the head of the Cowgate, to Mrs GIBSON's, Stabler, Grass-market, Edinburgh; and will continue to set out from thence every Monday, Wednesday, and Friday; and from JAMES WINGATE's, vintner in Stirling, every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday,—at eight o'clock in the morning. Performed by JAMES WINGATE, Stirling;

AND
 GEORGE HORSINGTON, Edinburgh.

ANY Person willing to undertake the Repairing and keeping in Repair, that part of the Turnpike-road which lies betwixt North Ferry and Killy Bridge, in the county of Fife, will attend a committee of the Trustees, at North Ferry, at the house of James Cunningham, upon Thursday the 8th of June next, by twelve o'clock, with their proposals, either for the whole or for different parts of it: And that the next General Meeting stands adjourned to Saturday, the 10th June next, at Kinross; when it is requested as many of the Trustees will attend as possible, as matters of importance are to be under their consideration.

ALL PERSONS who have any CLAIMS against the late ANDREW BALLANTYNE of Waterhaugh, or his Estate, are desired to lodge particular accounts thereof, with notes of the vouchers, in the hands of Mr Denton at Waterhaugh, near Newmills, in the county of Ayr, James Balfour writer to the signet, or William Brown writer in Kilmarnock, within ten days, in order that the same may be settled without delay.

And any persons willing to purchase all or any part of the Lands of WATERHAUGHs, (upon which there is a large and commodious new house), and the Lands of Dyke, Bankhead, Dobeland, Skelliehill, Glenchapel, and Little Sora, lying in the parishes of Newmills and Galloway, and thire of Ayr, by private bargain, are desired to apply to any of the persons above named.

TO BE SOLD.

THAT HOUSE in the Millhill of Musselburgh, possessed by Mr Alexander Mackenzie writer to the signet, consisting of ten fire rooms, besides kitchen, pantry, cellars with catacombs, and garrets; with the Garden, well stocked with wall-fruit, Stable, Pigeon-house, and other conveniences appertaining thereto; all in good condition, and pleasantly situated, on the banks of the river Esk, near its conflux with the sea.
 The house may be seen any day, between twelve and two, and entered to at the pleasure of the purchaser.
 For further particulars, enquire at Mr Mackenzie, the proprietor.

BEAUME DE VIE.

By his MAJESTY's Patent.

THE great number of extraordinary Cures daily performed by this most efficacious Medicine, accounts of which are sent from all parts of the British dominions, render it unnecessary to lavish encomiums on its salutary effects: Suffice therefore it to say, that the BEAUME, by its cordial, attenuating, and detergent powers, fortifies the stomach and bowels, and by procuring a good digestion, purifies the blood and juices, and gives vigour to the whole constitution.—To these qualities the faculty attribute its having proved so eminently serviceable in gouty, rheumatic, scorbutic, languid, nervous, and hypochondriac cases; and hence also they account for its being so particularly beneficial in FEMALE DISORDERS; and such as are incident to the Constitution in Spring and Fall.

To prevent counterfeits, the bottles are each signed by W. NICOLL, T. BECKET, (Vendor.) (a Proprietor.)

The Beaume de Vie is sold by W. Nicoll, No. 51, St Paul's Church-yard, at 3 s. per bottle, with directions.—The Beaume is also appointed to be sold by Messrs HUSBAND, ELDER, and CO. at Edinburgh; Mr Leslie at Aberdeen; Mr Nicoll at Dundee; Mr Morison at Perth; Mr Gore and Mr Williamson at Liverpool; Mr Black, and Mr Saint and Co. at Newcastle; Mr Etherington and Mr Telfyman at York; Mess. Ware and Son at Whitehaven; and Mr Potts at Dublin.

FOR SALE.

In Thomas M'Gill's Building Yard, Port-Glasgow, **A NEW SHIP, 170 tons measure,** constructed for sailing fast, and prepared for a copper bottom. She may be launched in June, if sold immediately.
 For particulars, apply to the builder.
 Not to be repeated.

SCHOOL of FALKLAND.

THE Election of a School-master for the parish of Falkland, which was to have taken place on the 26th May inst. being deferred till the 16th June, such as may have been prevented from standing candidates for that office, by the shortness of the notice formerly given, or any others who may be inclined to offer themselves, are desired to attend at Falkland on that day, as previous to the election a trial will be made of the literary qualifications of the candidates, it is expected that none will appear who cannot produce sufficient vouchers of their prudence and good behaviour. The branches of education commonly taught in the school are, English, Writing, Arithmetic, Latin, and sometimes French, and the elements of Greek. It is likewise requisite the schoolmaster, who is at the same time precentor and session-clerk, should have a complete knowledge of church-music.
 N. B. One who has no intention of being a clergyman will be preferred.

SANDEMAN, LINDSAY, and Company,

At TULLOCH, near Perth.
Continue to PRINT all kinds of Linen and Cotton Cloth, in the best manner, and at moderate prices.
 Cloth is taken in for this Printfield at Edinburgh, by Richard Richardson tea-dealer in the Exchange, and by William Anderson saddler Cowgate-head; at Leith, by William Coke bookfeller; at Dalkeith, by John Gray weaver; at Borrowstoness, by James Addison senior candlemaker; at Lindlithgow, by James Niven merchant; and at Stirling, by John Christie merchant. At all which places, the pattern-books will be shown, and receipts granted.
 N. B. A considerable number of new and fashionable patterns have this year been added to the books.

TOLLS to LET.

BY authority of the Trustees for putting in execution the Turnpike-acts of Parliament for the county of Edinburgh, there is to be LET by public roup, within the New Session house of Edinburgh, upon Tuesday the 13th of June next, betwixt the hours of twelve mid-day and two afternoon, for such a period, not exceeding three years, as shall be appointed by the said Trustees.

The TOLLS collected at the Toll-bars of GRANGE-LONE, GIBBET-LONE, CAIRNTOWS, NIDDRY-MILL, and DEANBURN-BRIDGE.

The conditions of roup to be seen in the hands of Samuel Mitchell, jun. clerk to the signet, Nicolson's street, or of George Zeigler, at the Sheriff-clerk's office, Edinburgh.

A FARM in FIFE to LET.

TO be SET by public roup, upon Thursday the 29th of June next, within the house of James Edinton in East Wemy's, at twelve o'clock at noon.

The Lands and Farm of LOCH-HEAD, upon a tack for nineteen years after the term of Martinmas next. The farm consists of about 180 acres, and is situated in the parish of Wemy's, about half a mile west of East Wemy's, and nearly the same distance from the town of West Wemy's.

Any person inclining to make a private bargain before the day of roup, may give in his proposals to the proprietor at Wemy's Castle; and the overseer of the parks there will show the lands.

A BREWERIE and other Subjects, lying in Cupar of Fife, to be Sold by public roup, within the house of David Methven, vintner, upon Saturday the 10th of June first, at three o'clock afternoon.

THE said BREWERIE, consisting of a Brew-house, Storehouse, Malthouse, Maltlofts, Kils and Coble, and Dwelling-house adjoining to said Brewerie, together with a large boiling-copper, and the whole Brewing Utensils, all as presently possessed by Robert Hardie brewer:—these subjects yield of yearly rent 9 l. sterling, and the upset price will be 135 l. sterling.

As also, all and whole, that large and commodious Dwelling-house, lying in the Crossgate of the said burgh. The first storey consisting of a kitchen, parlour, and pantry; the second storey, of a large dining-room, bed-room, and bed-closet; and the third storey, of four bedrooms and a large closet; together with the stables and hay-loft, and other office-houses, all lately possessed by Mr Methven, vintner. These subjects presently yield 14 l. sterling of yearly rent, and the upset price will be 150 l. sterling.

And also, that other commodious House, lying in the Bonnygate street of the said burgh. The lower storey consisting of a kitchen, two small fire-rooms, and a large fore-shop, with a cellar at the back thereof; and the upper storey, of a large dining-room, two bed-rooms, and a kitchen; together with a large and well finished garret; as also a stable, hay-loft, and garden, belonging to said subjects, all presently rented at 14 l. 10 s. and the upset price will be 150 l. sterling.

The progress of writs and articles of roup will be seen in the hands of Robert Johnston, writer in Cupar, to whom, or to James Monro, writer, Calliehill, Edinburgh, the proprietor, any person inclining to purchase by private bargain may apply before the day of sale.

By ADJOURNMENT.

TO be SOLD, by judicial roup, within the Parliament or New Session House, Edinburgh, before the Lord Ordinary on the bills for the time, upon Wednesday the 28th day of June next, betwixt the hours of two and four afternoon.

The Lands and Estate of D'ALDERSE, with the Fittings and Pertinents in the parish of Falkirk, and shire of Stirling, in the following Lots.

LOT I. The Lands possessed by Margaret Mackie, John Melvin, Thomas Muirhead, George Potter; and 16 acres, 2 roads, 29 falls, and 23 ells, possessed by Robert Cowan. The gross rent of the whole is 176 l. 15 s. 3 d. 9-12ths Sterling; and the upset-price will be 3365 l. 10 s. 9 d. 9-12ths.

N. B. It is at present a question before the Court of Session, whether 12 acres, 2 roads, 7 falls, and 9 ells of the above possession of Mr Cowan's do belong to the estate of Abbotshugh or to the estate of D'Alderse. It will be determined beginning of next Session; and, if the decision shall be for Abbotshugh, then the gross rent of this lot will be reduced to 151 l. 11 s. 10 d. 4-12ths, and the upset-price to 3057 l. 1 s.

LOT II. The Lands possessed by James Thomson, (now Andrew Hart), John Baad, William Watson; and the mill possessed by George Potter. The gross rent is 258 l. 18 s. 1 d.; and the upset-price will be 5276 l. 17 s. 3 d. 8-12ths.

N. B. If the above 12 acres, 2 roads, &c. be taken from Lot I. then 2 acres, 10 falls of Bonny Meadow, possessed by George Potter, will be added to this lot, which will make the gross rent 263 l. 0 s. 7 d. and the upset-price 5360 l. 3 s. 9 d. 8-12ths.

LOT III. The Farm of HAUGH, possessed by Thomas Kincaid, at the gross rent of 39 l. 6 s. 10 d. will be set up at 816 l. 10 s. 0 d. 11-12ths.

N. B. In the event mentioned in the last *Note-Bene*, 7 acres of Bonny Meadow, possessed by Mr Gascogne, will be added to this lot, which will make the gross rent 44 l. 11 s. 10 d. and the upset-price 899 l. 1 s. 8 d. 8-12ths.

LOT IV. The Farms possessed by John Finlayson, William Wile, (formerly Mr Gascogne) John Ranken, and John Sands. The gross rent is 176 l. 11 s. 11 d. 7-12ths; and the upset-price will be 3560 l. 18 s. 8 d. 10-12ths.

LOT V. The Lands possessed by James Smith, (formerly John and James Scrymgeours) and Robert Walker. The gross rent is 146 l. 10 s. 3 d. 10-12ths; and the upset-price will be 2955 l. 9 s. 3 d. 9-12ths.

The whole of these Lands hold of the Crown, and stand valued in the cess-books at 870 l. 1 s.

The Lands are of a rich soil, pleasantly situated betwixt the town of Falkirk and the river Carron, the Great Canal running through the middle of them.

The articles and conditions of roup, with the title-deeds, are to be seen in the hands of Thomas Cockburn or James Ferrier writers to the signet, or Alexander Ross deputy-clerk of Session. And the said James Ferrier will inform as to other particulars.

SALE of LANDS in FIFE,

And a PIECE of GROUND, &c. near Newhaven.

To be SOLD by public roup, within the British coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon Thursday the twentieth day of July 1780, between the hours of four and six afternoon, by Mr Ludovick Grant accountant in Edinburgh, as trustee for Thomas Walker, Esq; of Saintford, and his creditors.

THE Lands and Estate of SAINTFORD, lying in the parish of Forgan, and shire of Fife, pleasantly situated upon the south side of the river Tay, nearly adjoining to the public Ferry at Dundee, within six miles of St Andrews, and the fame of Cupar, the county town. The whole of this estate consists of about 777 acres, mostly of good arable soil. There is a neat commodious mansion-house upon the lands, with suitable offices, in very good repair, a large well stocked garden, and an orchard. The purchaser may have immediate access to the mansion-house, offices, garden, orchard, and part of the adjacent inclosures, presently occupied by Mr Walker.

Upon the estate there is a great quantity of old full grown trees, besides very considerable young plantations in a thriving condition. The yearly free rent of the estate, after deduction of all public burdens, amounts to 340 l. 19 s. 1 d. Sterling. Part of the lands are held blench of the Crown, and entitle the proprietor to vote in the election of a member of parliament for the county; the remainder are held of a subject superior for payment of a trifling feu-duty.

There is an heritable right to the teinds of part of the lands; the tythes of most of them are valued by decreets of valuation as far back as the 1637 and 1713; and the minister of Forgan, having within these 40 years got a considerable augmentation of his stipend, there can no additional burden be supposed to affect the tythes for many years hence.

For the encouragement of purchasers, this estate will be set up at 7842 l. sterling.

As also, The Park and Garden, lying near the village of Newhaven, presently possessed by James Auchinleck gardener. This piece of ground is extremely well situated for a villa, being in the vicinity of Edinburgh, and commanding a most agreeable prospect of the Fifth of Forth and the adjacent coasts on both sides in the counties of Lothian and Fife. The extent of the ground is about eight acres; it holds feu of the Trinity-house of Leith for payment of 18 l. 15 s. 6 d. 12ths yearly, and is presently let at 33 l. 7 s. 6 d. Sterling; and for the encouragement of purchasers, this piece of ground, &c. will be set up at 3761 12 s. sterling.

The subjects will be shown by the respective possessors; and the articles of roup, plans of the whole lands, and the title deeds, are in the hands of Edward Bruce writer in Edinburgh, to whom, or to Mr Grant the trustee, those intending to become purchasers, and desirous for further information, may apply.

By ADJOURNMENT.

JUDICIAL SALE.

TO be SOLD, by authority of the Lords of Council and Session, within the Parliament or New Session-house of Edinburgh, upon Thursday the 22d day of June 1780, betwixt the hours of four and six afternoon. The following SUBJECTS in LOTS.

LOT I. All and whole the Lands and Estate of WATERSIDE, and pertinents, with the mansion-house, garden, orchard, and Salmon-fishing in the river of Nith.

Also, The Lands of PENFILLAN, as possessed by John Kerr and William Bell, with the pertinents.

And the Corn, Wheat, and Barley Mill of CAPENOCH, commonly called the KEIR MILL, with the sitrified millraces of the same; all lying in the parish of Keir, and shire of Dumfriess.

The free yearly rent of the said lands of Waterside is proven to be worth 97 l. 12 s. 10 d. Sterling, which was valued at 25 years purchase, being L. 2441 0 10

The free teind (which is valued) is 21 l. 12 s. 8 d. sterl. and which is valued at 5 years purchase, being L. 2330

But the upset price of Waterside, stock and teind is now lowered to L. 2300

The free yearly rent of Penfillan is 44 l. 19 s. 11 d. 3-12ths sterl. and which was valued at 25 years purchase, being L. 1100

The free teind, after deduction of stipends is 10 l. 25 s. 8 d. 10-12ths sterling, which was valued at 5 years purchase, being L. 630

But the upset price of Penfillan, stock and teind, is now lowered to L. 1100

The free yearly rent of the said corn, wheat, and barley Mill is 38 l. 14 s. 8 d. sterl. which was valued at 20 years purchase, being L. 774 13 4

But the upset price of the mill is now lowered to L. 630

Amounting the upset price of the said whole lands of Waterside, Penfillan, and Keir Mill, to L. 4030

LOT II. All and whole that LODGING or Dwelling-House, being the fourth storey of that great tenement called *Fisher's Land*, situated on the fourth side of the Lawn-market street of Edinburgh, consisting of a dining-room, drawing-room, and bed-chamber, to the street, four bed-chambers backwards; with kitchen, closets, cellar, garret, and other conveniences; the proven rent whereof is 36 l. sterling, and the upset price, at 15 years purchase, was 432 l. sterling, but is now lowered to 400 l.

The lands of Waterside are pleasantly situated upon the banks of the water of Scarr, with a commanding prospect of that water, and the river of Nith for several miles, and lie within ten miles of Dumfriess, ten of Sanquhar, and two of Thornhill; and there is a genteel modern mansion-house and offices upon them. The house consists of kitchen, common parlour, servants hall, cellars, and milk-house, in the ground storey; dining-room, drawing-room, bed-chamber, with a dressing-room, and large bed-closet, on the first floor; five bed-chambers and two closets on the second floor; with good garret-rooms over the whole.

The offices are a brew-house, bake-house, coach-house, two stables, a barn, and a byre, with many other conveniences, necessary for the accommodation of a Gentleman's family.—The kitchen-garden contains above an acre of ground. The orchard contains near an acre of ground, is well fenced by barren timber, and stocked with a variety of the best kind of fruit trees. There is also a very considerable quantity of growing timber of different kinds upon these lands; and the greatest part of the whole is inclosed and subdivided, particularly those parts lying adjacent to the mansion-house are subdivided into several inclosures, and planted with hedge-rows. The lands are capable of great improvements, which may be done at an easy expence, as they lie within two miles of a lime-quarry and draw-kiln, from which a constant supply of what time may be necessary can be had at a moderate rate.

The mill upon the lands was built at a very considerable expence within these few years, and is not only adapted for manufacturing corn, but also wheat and barley. There is also a very extensive thistle belonging to this mill.—The purchaser of this mill will have right to the superiority of the lands of Lochfoot and Kirkpatrick, which, with the valuation of the lands of Waterside, will entitle him to a freehold qualification in the county.

John Robson, tenant in Mains of Waterside, will show the lands of Waterside and Penfillan, in lot I: and the house in Edinburgh may be seen at any time.

The title-deeds of the whole, with articles and conditions of roup, are to be seen in the hands of Mr George Kirkpatrick, one of the deputies clerks of session; or William Moffat writer in Edinburgh. Persons wanting to be informed of further particulars, will please apply to the said William Moffat.